Is your Infrastructure ready for Cloud?

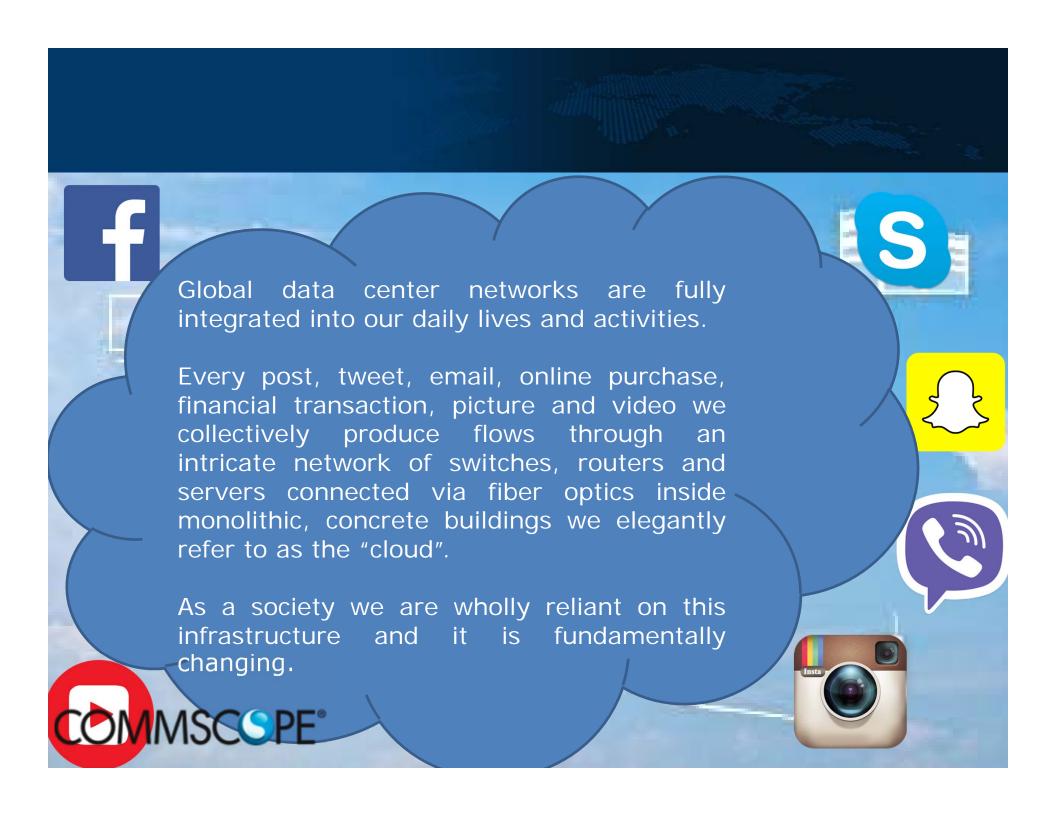
Ashok Srinivasan

Technical Director

CommScope







Why This Area Matters

13.5 Billion

Connected THINGS By 2020

Gartner

Connected
THINGS that
Will Be
Shipped By
Vendors In
2017

Gartner

8.5 Billion \$2 Trillion

Will Be Spent On These Endpoints And Services

Gartner

Percentage Of The Compute, Network, And Storage Will Be Going Into What They Call "Scale" Data Centers By 2025.

Intel Projection

70% -80% \$33 Billion

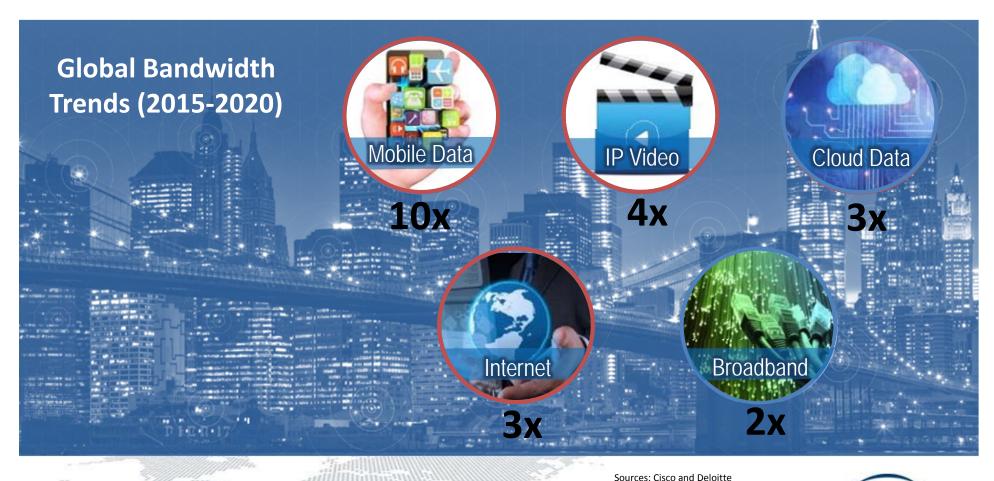
Worldwide Data Center Colocation Market Annualized Revenue Projected by End of 2018

451



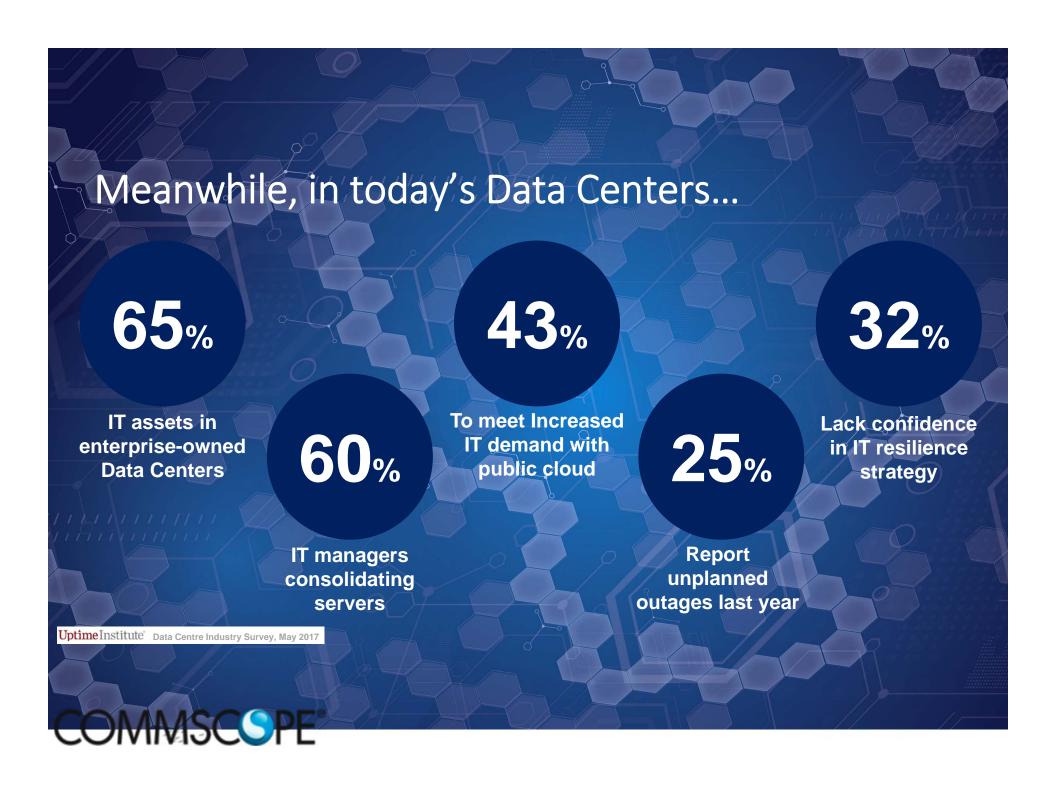


The Bandwidth Explosion









Customer Needs



Internet Content

Low latency

Fast deployment

Multiple internet access



Finance

Security

Reliability and availability

Standardization

Low latency

Multiple internet access



Developers

Security

BoD

<u>GUI</u>

Low latency

Multiple Path



Enterprise

Security

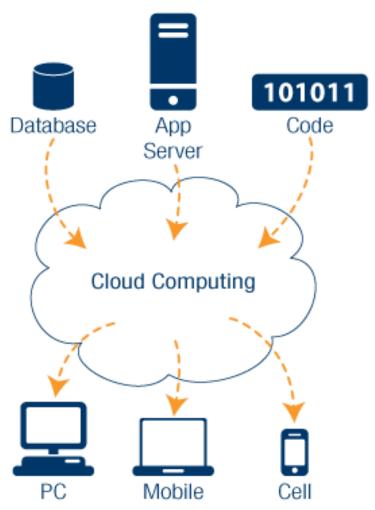
Reliability and availability

Multiple internet access

ROI

















Server Virtualization

- Typical usage rate of stand-alone servers is only around <u>20%</u>
- Virtualisation allows multiple applications to run on the same server



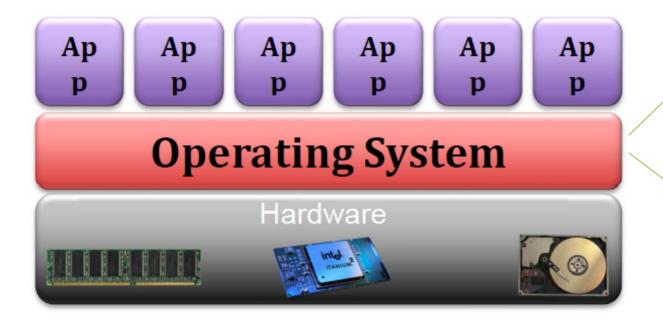
Meantime to Restore Maximizing the Server Utilization Reduction in Maintenance cost Efficient Management

> Microsoft Virtual PC VMWare Player Oracle Virtual Box





Traditional Approach

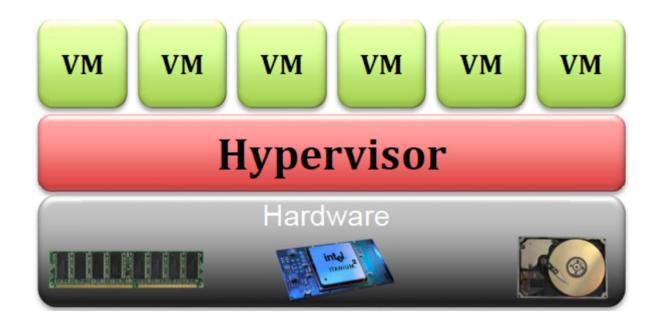


OS acts as the interface between the Hardware and the Applications





Hypervisor

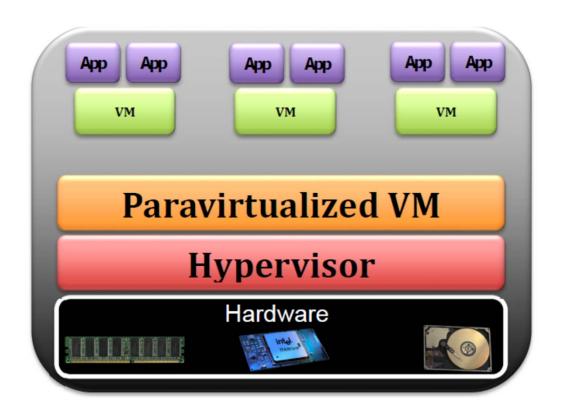


Citrix XenServer VMWare ESXI Microsoft HyperV Server





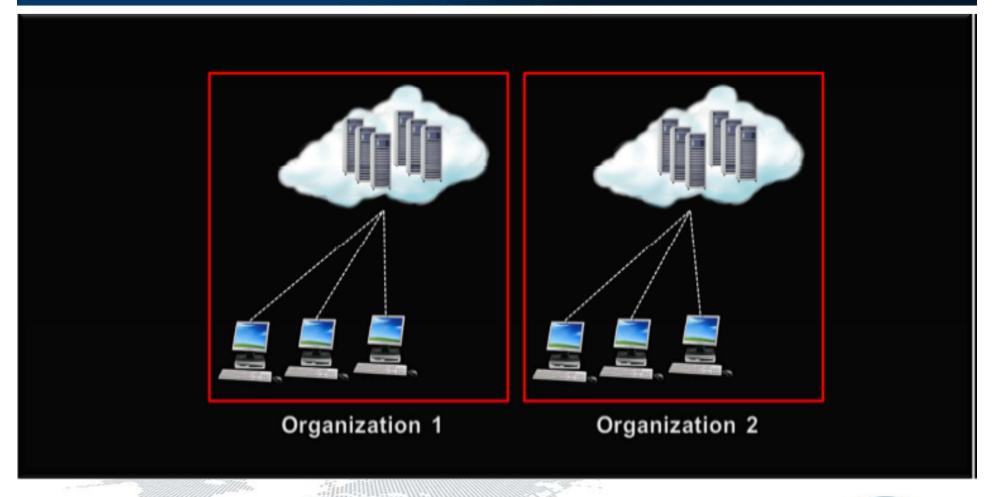
Paravirtualized VM







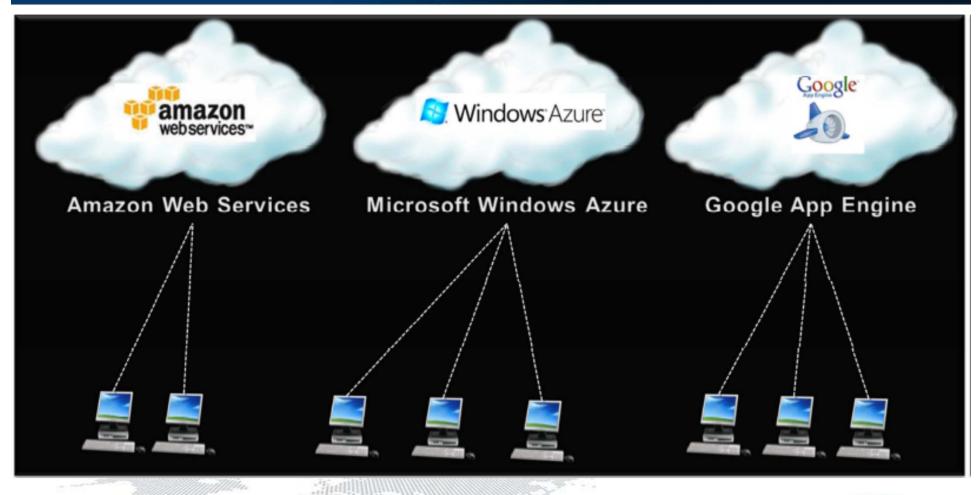
Private Cloud







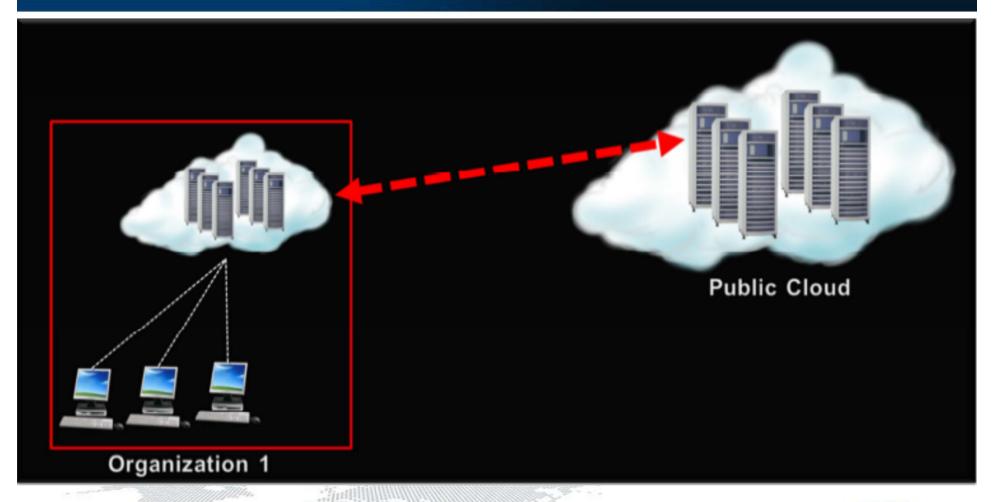
Public Cloud







Hybrid Cloud

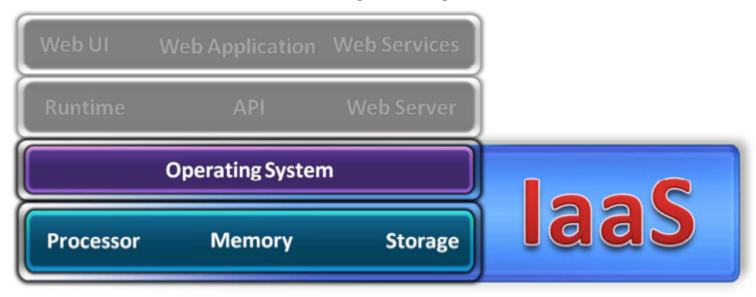






Service Model - laas

Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS):



 Examples: Amazon EC2, GoGrid, iland, Rackspace Cloud Servers, ReliaCloud.





Service Model - Paas

Platform as a Service (PaaS):



– Examples: Windows Azure,Google App.





Service Model - SaaS

Software as a Service (SaaS)



Examples: Caspio, Google Apps,
 Salesforce, Nivio, Learn.com.





Characteristics of Cloud

Elasticity

Elasticity is the automated ability of a cloud to transparently scale IT resources, as required in response to runtime conditions or as pre-determined by the cloud consumer or cloud provider.

Resource Pooling

Resource pooling allows cloud providers to pool large-scale IT resources to serve multiple cloud consumers. Different physical and virtual IT resources are dynamically assigned and reassigned according to cloud consumer demand

Pay by Use

Payment structure in which a customer has access to potentially unlimited resources but inly pay for what they actually use

Self Service

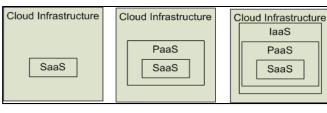
With a Self Service (Using a GUI) cloud users access a web based portal where they can request or configure servers and launch applications

Software as a Service (SaaS)

Platform as a Service (PaaS)

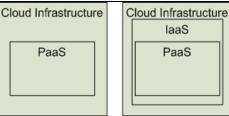
Infrastructure as a Service (laaS)

SalesForce CRM LotusLive



Software as a Service
(SaaS)
Providers
Applications

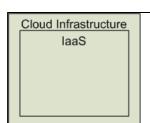




Platform as a Service (PaaS)

Deploy customer
created Applications





Infrastructure as a Service (laaS)

(a) rackspace.

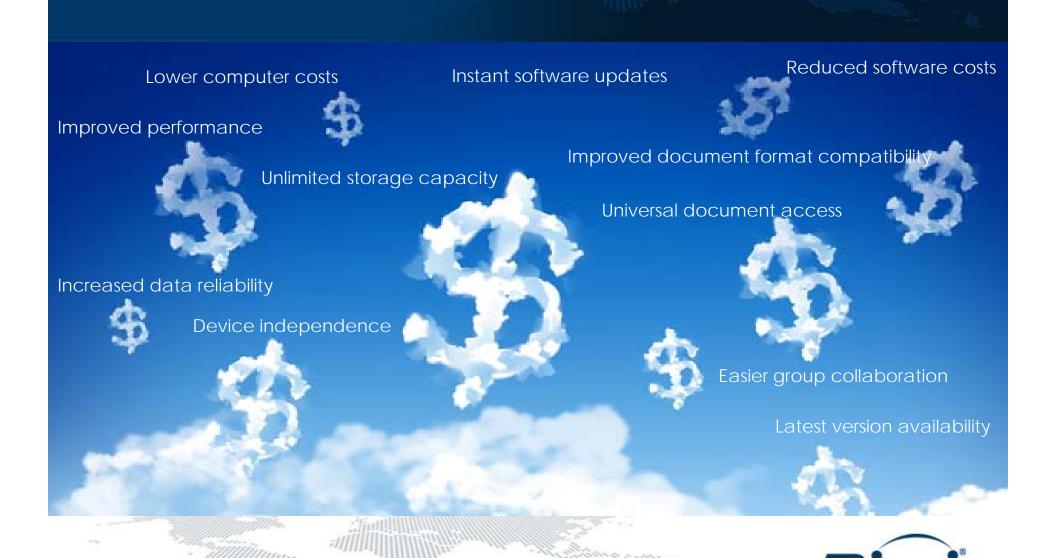
Rent Processing, storage, N/W capacity & computing resources





Advantages of Cloud Computing

COMMSCSPE®



Cloud - Summary

Automation

Characteristics

On demand self-service
Broad network access
Resource pooling
Rapid elasticity
Measured service

Virtalization

Cloud computing

Deployment models

Public Cloud Private Cloud Hybrid Cloud

Standardization

Service models

Business Process as a Service
Software as a Service
Platform as a Service
Infrastructure as a Service





Data Centers undergoing change



Bandwidth Explosion



Cloud Computing



Internet of Things





IoT Growth

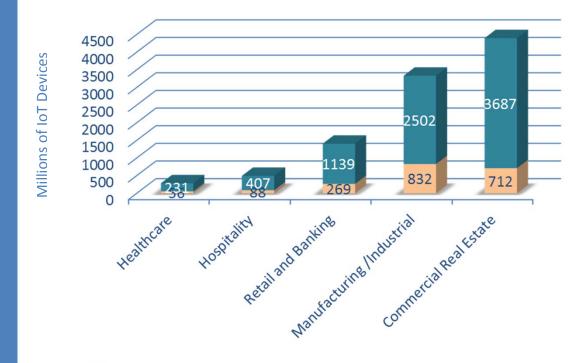
IoT Growth in Buildings

30%

IoT growth rate in commercial buildings

ANNUALLY





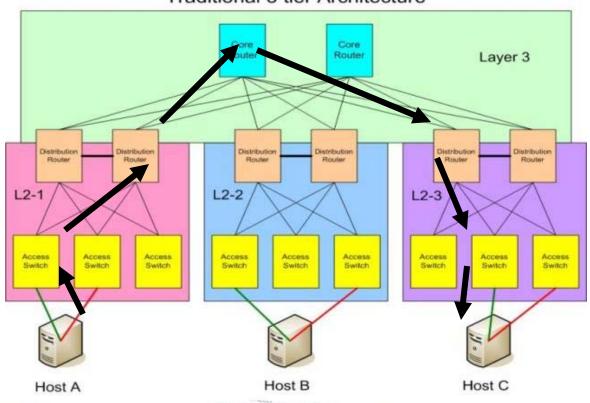
2015





Traditional 3 Tier Architecture

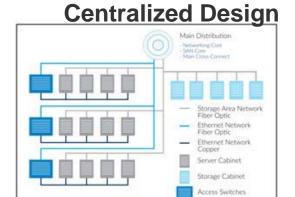
Traditional 3 tier Architecture







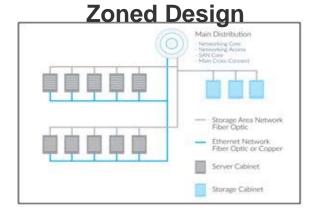
Design Architectures



Separate LAN/SAN environments with home run cabling to each of the server cabinets and zones.

PROS

- · Efficient use of switch port
- Easier to manage and add components CONS
- Difficult to support expansion
- Extended cable length can cause congestion in pathways,
- increasing cost (particularly for larger data centers)



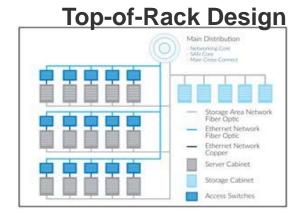
Switches distributed in an end-ofrow (EoR) or middle-of-row (MoR) location.

PROS

- Recommended by the ANSI/TIA-942
- Scalable, repeatable, predictable
- Cost-effective

CONS

 The need to run cable back to an EoR/MoR switch



Two or more switches in each server cabinet, placed at Top of the Rack (ToR)

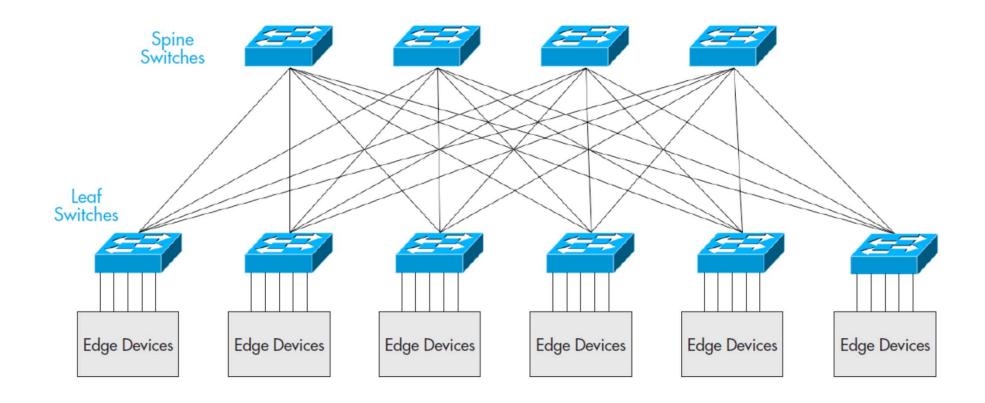
PROS

- Good for dense, one-rack unit server type
- Simplifies cable management
- Fast port-to-port switching for servers CONS
- Increase in cost of switches and licenses
- Underutilized switch ports
- Difficult to manage in large deployments
- Potential for overheating





Cloud Aware









Much of today's focus is on...

Gen Sets UPS Switches Security

How important is the reliability, scalability, availability and capability of the data center physical layer?









B o d y	Data Center
Brain	Server, Switch, Storage
Heart	Power Plant
Stomach	Carrier and Content Connections
Skin	Security Perimeter and Processes
Cardiovascular System -	Power, Cooling and Data Transfer Infrastructure



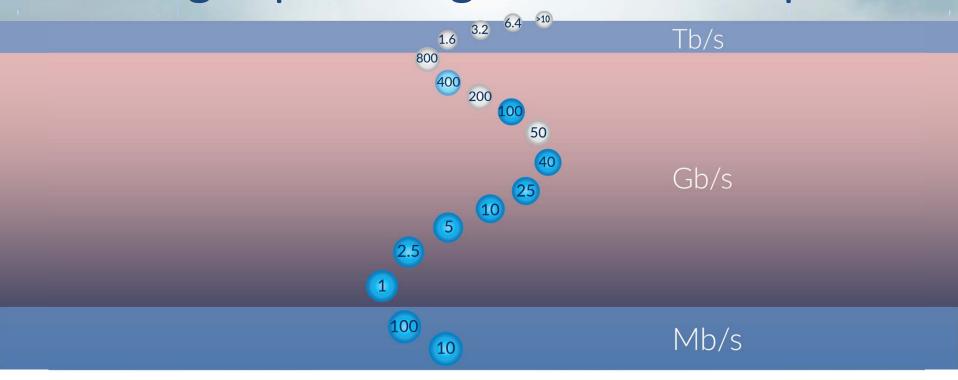
The strength of the data center is in the Infrastructure to support the compute and storage.







High speed migration roadmap





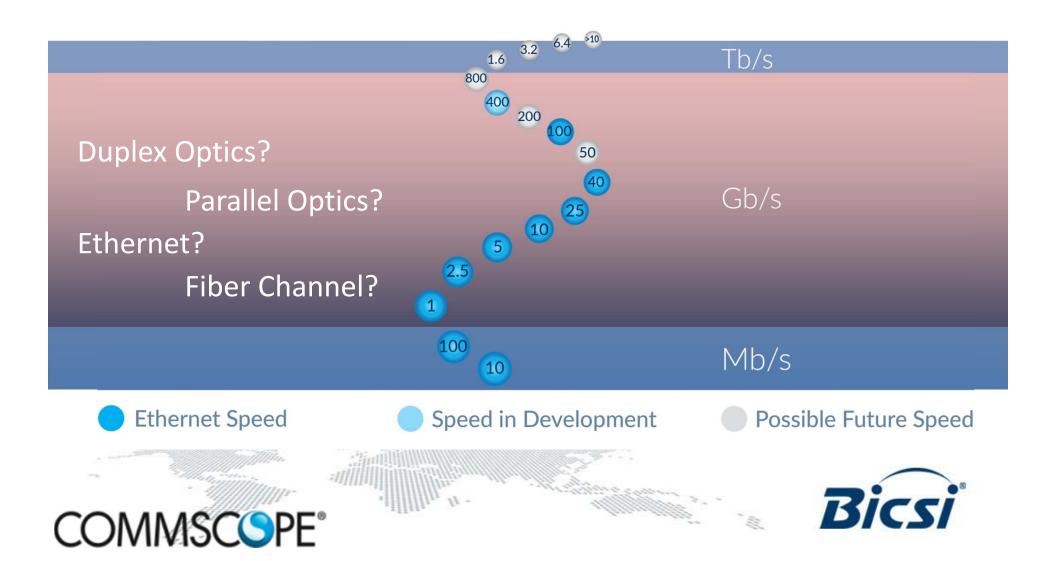




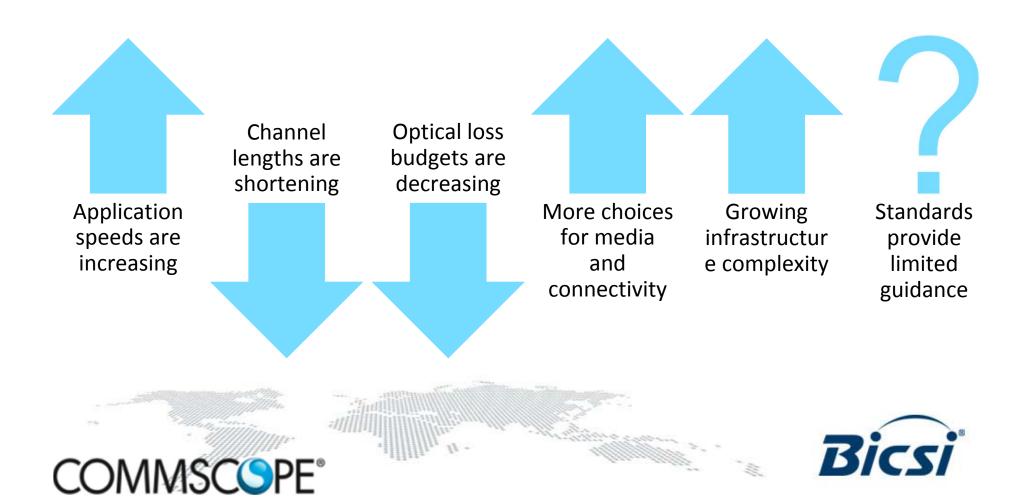




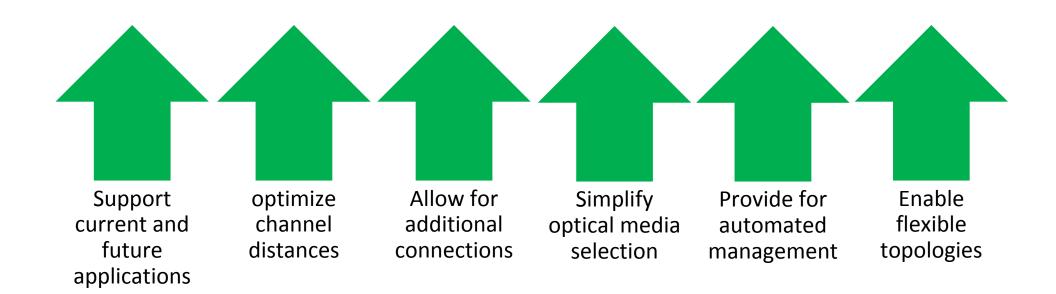
Where is it Taking us



High Speed Challenges



What should the Infrastructure be







MPO

MPO-24



Future Ready
Lowest Cost Duplex
Support
Highest Panel Density

MPO-12



Large Installed Base
Existing Preterm
Deployments
Familiar Interface and
Trunks

MPO-8



Support QSFPs
For Transceivers and
breakouts
Lowest Panel Density





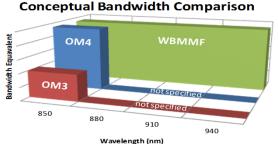
Application Vs Distance

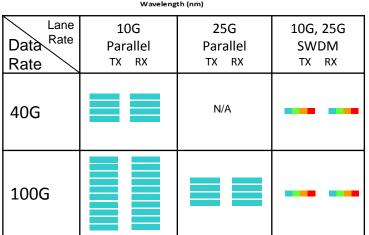


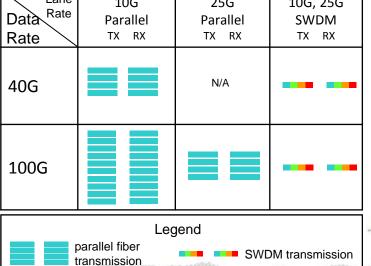




Wide Band Multi Mode Fiber







OM5 benefits in buildings

- 4 x the capacity of OM3/OM4
- Single-pair Ethernet for 40G and 100G today

Single-pair Ethernet for 400 and. Reduces fiber count by a factor of 4 OM5 in internation 2016 standards Included in DIS ISO/IEC 11801 ved to be 2017 IEC standard in development for Octobury 2017 LazrSPEF and Apple Careed Villy 2017 LazrSPEF and Apple Ca





AIM – Automated Infrastructure Management

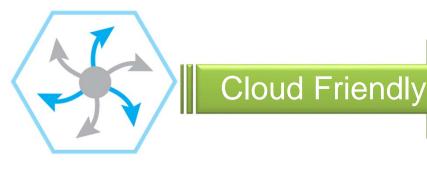


Standards – TIA 942-B

The completed TIA-942-B standard includes the following, among many other, changes from the "A" revision.

- ☐ It incorporates Addendum 1 to the 942-A standard, which addresses DataCenter fabrics, as an Annex.
- ☐ It adds 16- and 32-fiber MPO-style array connectors as an additional connector type for termination of more than two fibers. The 16- and 32-fiber connectors were standardized when ANSI/TIA-604-18 was published.
- □ It adds Category 8 as an allowed type of balanced twisted-pair cable, and changes the recommendation for Category 6A balanced twisted-pair cable to Category 6A or higher.
- □ It adds OM5 (wideband multimode fiber) as an allowed fiber type. The TIA-492-AAAE standard specifies OM5 fiber, which is designed to support short-wave wavelength division multiplexing.

Infrastructure Vision



Plug and Play Modularity to support today's higher speeds as well as tomorrow's new applications and technologies



Keeps your growing fiber network accessible and manageable and scales easily



Support your evolving strategies to reduce cost and complexity in the network





COMMSCOPE®

Thank You

<u>sashok@commscope.com</u>