# Ethernet and PoE Operation Over Single Pair Twisted-Pair Copper Cabling (SPE)

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## **Overview**

- SPE is poised to enable a new class of low power devices that will facilitate networking and powering the billions of end point sensors forecasted by the year 2022.
- The SPE standards provide end point sensors with a unifying communication protocol and a common networking infrastructure extending the cost-effectiveness and plug-and-play simplicity of Ethernet.
- End point sensor technology and use cases are evolving rapidly in industrial/process, building automation, data centers as well as to support "Intelligent Building" technologies; IoT infrastructure.
- TIA-TR42 Developing single pair telecommunication standards for single pair infrastructure topologies, cabling, and connectors.



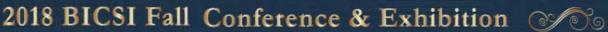




# **SPE Standards**

- IEEE Std 802.3bw-2015 100BASE-T1 Automotive Environment
  - 100 Mb/s over a single balanced twisted-pair link segment connection up to 15 m in length.
- IEEE Std 802.3bp-2016 1000BASE-T1 Automotive and Industrial Environments 1 Gb/s operation in
  - 1 Gb/s over a single balanced twisted-pair.
  - 1000BASE-T1 Type A automotive link segment supporting up to four in-line connectors using a single twisted-pair copper cable for up to at least 15 m.
  - 1000BASE-T1 Type B Optional link segment supporting up to four in-line connectors using a single twisted-pair copper cable for up to at least 40 m to support applications requiring extended physical reach, such as industrial and automation controls and transportation (aircraft, railway, bus and heavy trucks).









# SPE Standards

- Draft standard: IEEE P802.3ch Multi-Gig Automotive Ethernet PHY Task Force
  - 2.5GBASE-T1 2.5 Gb/s operation over link segment supporting up to four in-line connectors using a single shielded balanced pair of conductors for up to at least 15 m
  - 5GBASE-T1 5 Gb/s operation over link segment supporting up to four in-line using a single shielded balanced pair of conductors for up to at least 15 m connectors
  - 10GBASE-T1 10 Gb/s operation link over segment supporting up to four in-line connectors using a single shielded balanced pair of conductors for up to at least 15 m
- Draft standard: IEEE P802.3cg 10 Mb/s Single Pair Ethernet Task
  - 10BASE-T1S 10 Mb/s operation over a short reach single balanced twisted-pair link segment supporting up to ten in-line connectors for up to at least 15 m.
  - 10BASE-T1L 10 Mb/s operation over a long reach single balanced twisted-pair link segment supporting up to ten in-line connectors for up to at least 1000 m.

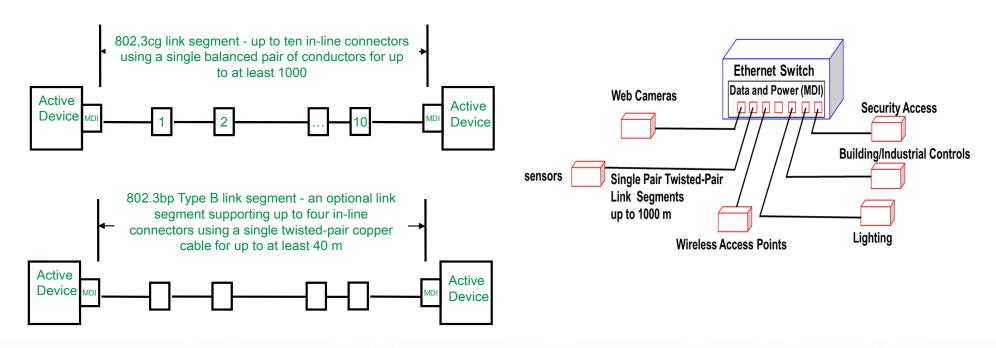




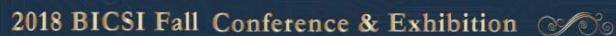


### SPE 10BASE-T1L/1000BASE-T1 Telecommunications Topology

 The SPE switch provides power (PoDL) and data through the medium dependent interface (MDI) over single pair twisted-pair link segments.



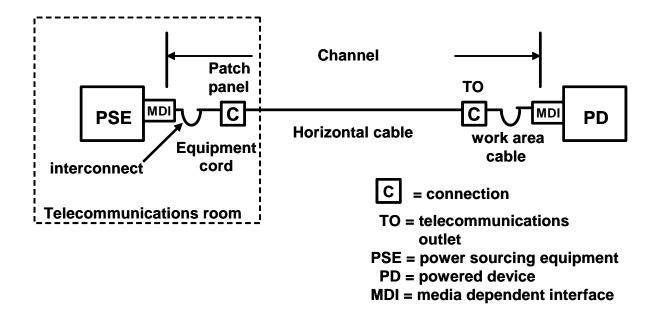








# **SPE Power Telecommunications Topology**









### SPE 1000BASE-T1 Type B – Industrial Automation Applications

- Enables cable reuse
  - Installed base of Single Twisted Pair, usually shielded
  - Certain cables are certified
  - Lengthy fieldbus cables are expensive to install (often in filled conduit)
  - End nodes are easier to replace
  - Similar value proposition to 2.5G/5GBASE-T Task Force
- Enables constrained form factor applications (sensors etc.)
  - Reduced size and cost

Fieldbus	Cable Type	Cable Power	
FOUNDATION H1	FF-844 specified	Yes	
HART	Various	Yes	
PROFIBUS PA	IEC 61158 Type A	Yes	
4-20mA	SP-50 instrumentation cable	Yes	
CANopen	EIA-485	Yes	
Modbus RTU	EIA-485	No	
CC-Link	CC-Link, Ver.1.10 specified Shielded, 3- & 5-core	No	
DeviceNet	ODVA DeviceNet specified (5-core, various classes)	Yes	
ControlNet	RG-6/U Coaxial	No	
INTERBUS	3 / 6 no. twisted pairs, various	Yes	
PROFIBUS DP	IEC 61158 Type A (22AWG?)	No	

Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/10SPE/public/Sept2016 Interim/diminico 01 0916.pdf

High Cable Reuse



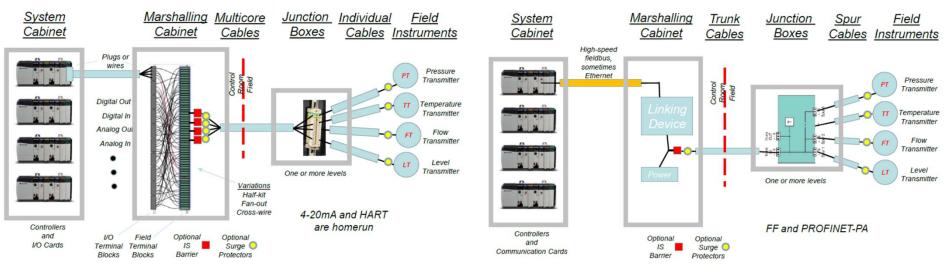




### **Process Automation Infrastructure**

- Current Infrastructure Practices
  - Homerun wiring
  - Fieldbus wiring
- Infrastructure complexity will be reduced by substitution of Ethernet switches

#### **Homerun Wiring Fieldbus Wiring**



Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/10SPE/public/Nov2016/diminico 01b 1116.pdf









# SPE 10BASE-T1L – Process Automation **Simplifications**

- Surge protection
  - Legacy surge suppression will be removed
    - In-line connections may then be required (2 per link)
  - 10 SPE-compatible surge suppression will be substituted
    - IEC 61000-4-5 (surge immunity) or equivalent
- Barriers
  - Legacy surge suppression will be removed
  - 10 SPE switches (802.1 bridges) will provide intrinsic safety function
- Multi-drop
  - Multi-drop link segments (that form tree structures) will be replaced by multi-port switches that break the multi-drop into multiple shorter point-point link segments
- Marshalling cross-connections
  - 10 SPE will extend the fieldbus trend of replacing marshalling wiring complexity with switches and end node addressing

Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/10SPE/public/Nov2016/diminico 01b 1116.pdf







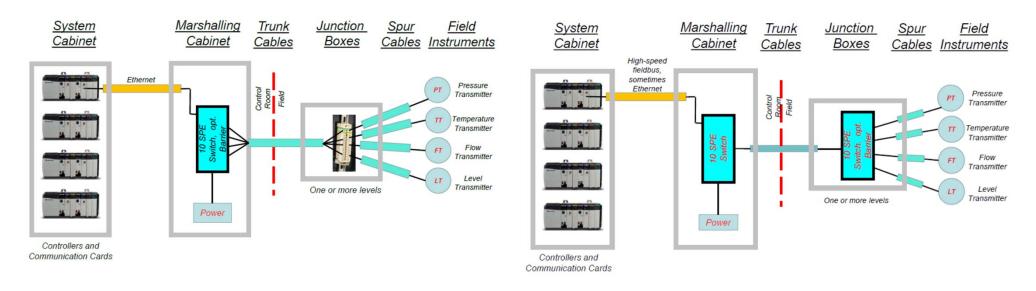


## **SPE 10BASE-T1L – Process Automation Simplifications**

Infrastructure complexity will be reduced by substitution of Ethernet switches

#### **SPE Homerun Wiring**

#### **SPE Fieldbus wiring**



Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/10SPE/public/Nov2016/diminico 01b 1116.pdf









# SPE Field Testing – 1000BASE-T1

- Link segment transmission characteristics based on installed cabling
- Installed cabling reuse expected
- Field testing to validate link transmission parameters
- Link transmission parameters for link segment type B
  - Frequency range specified 1MHz ≤ f ≤ 600 MHz
    - Insertion loss
    - Differential characteristic impedance
    - Return loss
    - Maximum link delay
    - Coupling attenuation
    - Multiple disturber alien near-end crosstalk (MDANEXT) loss
    - Multiple disturber power sum alien near-end crosstalk (PSANEXT) loss
    - Multiple disturber alien far-end crosstalk (MDAFEXT) loss
    - Multiple disturber power sum alien attenuation crosstalk ratio far-end (PSAACRF)



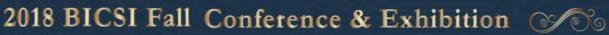




# SPE Field Testing – 10BASE-T1L

- · Link segment transmission characteristics based on installed cabling
- Installed cabling reuse expected
- Field testing to validate link transmission parameters
- Field tester capable of measuring down to 100 KHz
- Link transmission parameters
  - Frequency range specified 100 KHz ≤ f ≤ 20 MHz
    - Insertion loss
    - Return loss
    - Maximum link delay
    - Differential to common mode conversion
    - Coupling attenuation
    - Multiple disturber alien near-end crosstalk (MDANEXT) loss
    - Multiple disturber power sum alien near-end crosstalk (PSANEXT) loss
    - Multiple disturber power sum alien far-end crosstalk (PSAFEXT) loss









# **TIA-TR42.1 Single Pair Projects**

- ANSI/TIA-862-B-2 intelligent buildings
  - Amendment to add single twisted-pair use cases, topology, and architecture to ANSI/TIA-862-B.
    - Guidelines in buildings where 1-pair cabling can be deployed in addition to the 4-pair cabling used for IBS applications.
    - Installation requirements and additional guidelines for transitioning 2 4-pair to 1-pair cabling including sheath sharing.
    - Guidelines for emerging IoT and M2M applications that will require higher density, reduced size, and greater flexibility to serve these IOT devices.
- ANSI/TIA-568.0-D-2 generic cabling
  - The scope of single pair TR42.1 generic cabling is under consideration in TR42.1.
  - Presentations on the scope propose that TIA TR42.1 develop a standard to enable the migration of 100BASE-T1, 1000BASET-T1, 10BASE-T1 and 10GBASE-T1 into buildings by standardizing a generic single pair cabling architecture(s).

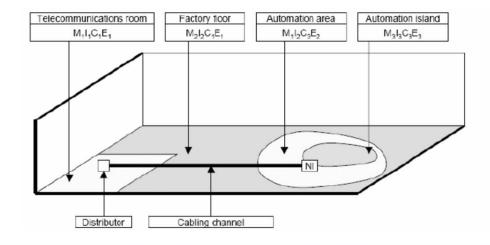






### ANSI/TIA-568-C.0 / ISO/IEC TR 29106 -MICE Environnemental **Classifications**

	Class I (commercial)	Class II (light industrial)	Class III (heavy industrial)
Mechanical	M <sub>1</sub>	M <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>3</sub>
Ingress	I <sub>1</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>
Climatic	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>
Electromagnetic	E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>











# **TIA-TR42.7 Single Pair Projects**

- ANSI/TIA-568.5 Single pair balanced twisted-pair telecommunications cabling and Components standard
  - Specifications or cables, connectors, cords, links and channels using 1-pair connectivity in non-industrial premises telecommunications networks (MICE1 environments)
  - Guidelines for adaptations to four pair cabling
  - The standard will include field tester specifications to verify the performance of installed single pair cabling
  - The cabling transmission performance requirements apply from 100 KHz up to 600 MH7
  - 100 meter, 40 meter and 15 meter channel configurations are supported
  - The 100 m test configuration is consistent with TIA-568 four pair cabling topologies
  - The 15 meter and 40 meter topologies enables support for 100BASE-T1, 1000BASET-T1, 10BASE-T1 and 2.5/5/10GBASE-T1 technologies







# **TIA-TR42.9 Single Pair Projects**

- ANSI/TIA-1005-A Single pair balanced twisted-pair telecommunications cabling and Components standard
  - Specifications or cables, connectors, cords, links and channels using 1pair connectivity in industrial premises telecommunications networks (MICE1 and MICE2 environments).
  - Guidelines for adaptations to four pair cabling.

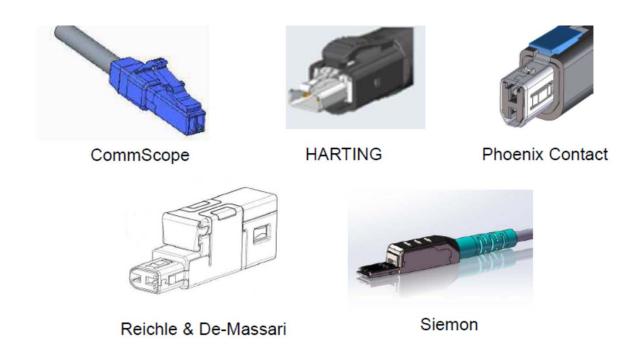








### **TR42.7 Single Pair Connector Proposals**

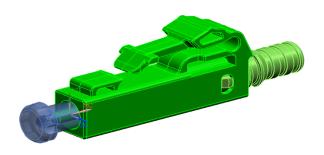


Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/minutes/jul18/0718\_TIA\_TR42\_report\_to\_802d3.pdf

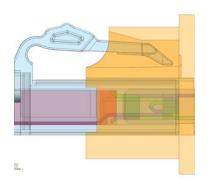


### Latch Design Adopted from Existing Fiber LC

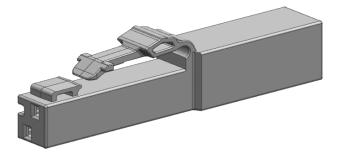
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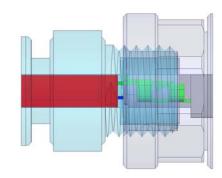
Fiber LC Connector



Enterprise Mated Single Pair Ethernet Connector



Single Pair Ethernet Connector



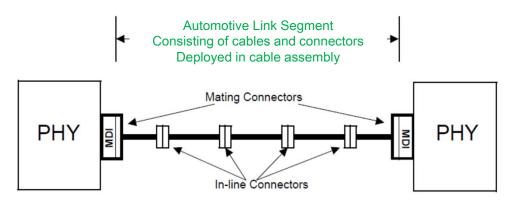
Industrial/Process Control M8 Mated Single Pair Ethernet







# **SPE Automotive Topology**



#### **Automotive Ethernet PHYs**

- 10M 802.3cg
- 100M 802.3cw
- 1G 802.3bp
- 2.5G/5G/10G 802.3ch



Length of automotive wiring system can exceed 3 km with up to 1,500 cables and up to 3,000 contacts.



Automotive cable harness







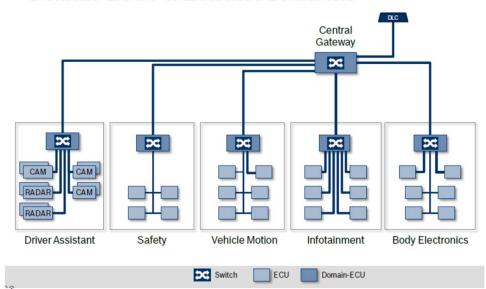
### **Automotive SPE Market Drivers**

Starting point of automotive networking is CAN (< 1 Mbit/s) and FlexRay (< 10 Mbit/s) on shared medium

Properties of typical automotive bus-systems DLC ISO11898 < 1 Mbit/s shared medium Central FlexRay ISO 17458 < 10 Mbit/s shared medium Gateway < 150 Mbit/s shared medium Ethernet **Bus-Systems** CAN CAN MOST CAN FlexRay FlexRay Chassis & Safety Powertrain Infotainment **Body Electronics** Switch

Replacement of multiple proprietary protocols with Ethernet, furthering consolidation of legacy in-car networks into a homogeneous architecture.

#### Domain-ECUs & Ethernet-Backbone



Fransition to Ethernet



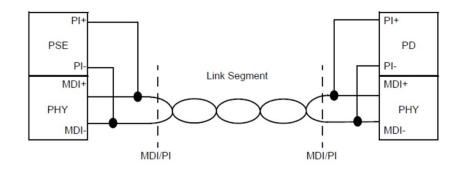






## PoDL SPE Power Standard

IEEE 802.3 standard: •IEEE Std 802.3bu-2016 1-Pair Power over Data Lines (PoDL). PoDL specifies a power distribution technique for use over a single twisted pair link segment and allows for power operation even if the data is not present. It supports voltage and current levels for the automotive, transportation, and industrial control industries.



PD is powered device. PSE is power source equipment. MDI is the medium dependent interface (equipment connector).



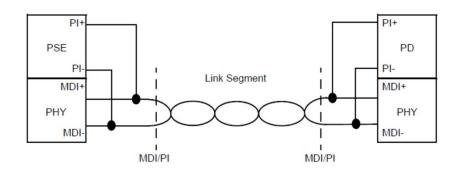






## **PoDL Powered Device Classification**

	12 V unregul	ated PSE	12 V regulated PSE 24 V unregulated PSE		24 V regulated PSE		48 V regulated PSE			
Class	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Vpse(max) V	18	18	18	18	36	36	36	36	60	60
Vpse(min) V	5.6	5.77	14.4	14.4	11.7	11.7	26	26	48	48
IpI(max) mA	101	227	249	471	97	339	215	461	735	1360
Pclass(min) W	0.566	1.31	3.59	6.79	1.14	3.97	5.59	12	35.3	65.3
Ppd W	0.5	1	3	5	1	3	5	10	30	50











### 10BASE-T1L PoDL Powered Device Classification

Class	10	11	12	13	14	15
$V_{PSE(max)}(V)$	36	36	36	60	60	60
$V_{PSE\_OC(min)}(V)$	20	20	20	50	50	50
V <sub>PSE(min)</sub> (V)	20	20	20	50	50	50
$I_{PI(max)}(mA)$	102	155	169	254	388	400
$P_{class(min)}(W)$	2.04	3.1	3.38	12.7	19.4	20
V <sub>PD(min)</sub> (V)	13.98	13.96	13.92	35.01	34.87	35.6
P <sub>PD(max)</sub> (W)	1.43	2.16	2.35	8.89	13.53	14.24
Cable AWG	18	14	24	18	14	24
Cable Length (m)	1000	1000	300	1000	1000	300

Source: http://www.ieee802.org/3/cg/public/May2018/stewart\_3g\_01f\_0518.pdf









# Conclusion

- We are in a brave new world of converged data and power.
- The single pair Ethernet and TR42 standards are poised to enable a new class of low power Ethernet devices that will facilitate networking and powering the billions of end point sensors forecasted by the year 2022.









# **Thank You**







